



# MAGLUMI 600

Chemiluminescence Immunoassay (CLIA) System

## Technical Specifications

**Principle of Luminescence**

- Non-enzyme involved flash chemiluminescence, long stability of reagents
- ABEI label, stable in acid and alkaline buffers

**Main Features**

- Throughput: up to 180 tests/hour
- 24 hours ready to use
- Time to first result: 12 minutes

**Modes of Operation**

- Random, Batch and STAT function

**Sample Loading**

- Up to 16 sample tubes
- Continuous loading, STAT available
- Analyzer auto numbered
- LIS connection
- Refrigerated sample area with independent power supply

**Reagent Loading**

- 4 reagents on board
- Continuous loading
- RFID reading all info of reagents
- Refrigerated reagent area

**Reagent Features**

- Integrated kit, ready-to-use, no pretreatment required
- Integrated kit including calibrator
- Using superparamagnetic microbeads
- RFID tag storing all info of reagent
- RFID tag with built-in master curve
- 2-point calibration to adjust master curve
- Calibration stability: Max 4 weeks

**Other Features**

- Clot detection
- Liquid level detection for reagent
- Optional ratio for sample dilution
- Auto dilution for high concentration sample
- Constant 37°C incubation
- 15-30°C Operating Temperature

**Operation System**

- Windows 7
- 10 inch notebook

**Interconnection**

- Connection to LIS via COM or network card
- Direct operation on LIS system to test

**Dimensions Weight**

- 88×56×50cm, 56kg

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# Outstanding Technology Power of Maglumi

## TEST MENU

### Chemiluminescence Immunoassay (CLIA) System

CLIA uses two important technologies, one is labeling technology which determines reaction mode; and the other is separation technology which determines the sensitivity, accuracy, and precision of the reagents.

#### Labeling Technology

Two types of labeling technologies are commonly used. One contains enzyme labels and the other contains non-enzyme small molecule labels. Enzyme label reagents are not so stable and are easily affected by the change of storage conditions. Maglumi system applies ABEI labels. ABEI is a non-enzyme small molecule with special molecular formula to enhance stability in acid and alkaline buffer. As fast chemiluminescence, ABEI chemical reaction with sodium hydroxide (NaOH) and Hyperoxide (H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) finishes the process in 3 seconds.

#### Separation Technology

Maglumi uses Nano Magnetic Microbeads, as separation technology, has been widely used in the field of CLIA. Compared with traditional separation technologies, it has advantages as following:

- It helps in enlarging the reaction area of antigens and antibodies to shorten the reaction time.
- Better and faster capture of the antigens and antibodies to enhance the sensitivity.
- As a liquid separation platform, it mixes thoroughly with the reagents to significantly reduce inter-or intra-assay discrepancies.
- Absorbs the antigens or antibodies through chemical reaction to enhance the accuracy.



#### Tumor Markers

Ferritin  
AFP  
CEA  
Total PSA  
f-PSA  
CA 125  
CA 15-3  
CA 19-9  
PAP  
CA 50  
CYFRA 21-1  
CA 242  
CA 72-4  
NSE  
S-100  
TPA  
PG I  
PG II  
SCCA

#### Cardiac

CK-MB  
Troponin I  
Myoglobin  
NT-proBNP  
Aldosterone  
Angiotensin I  
Angiotensin II  
D-Dimer

#### Drug Monitoring

Cyclosporine A  
Tacrolimus, FK506  
Digoxin

#### Inflammation Monitoring

PCT  
CRP

\*Under development

#### Thyroid

TSH  
T4  
T3  
FT4  
FT3  
TG  
TGA  
TRAb  
TMA  
Anti-TPO  
Rev T3

#### Hepatic Fibrosis

HA  
P III P N-P  
C IV  
Laminin  
Cholyglycine

#### Glyco Metabolism

C-Peptide  
Insulin  
IGF-I  
ICA  
IAA  
Proinsulin  
GAD65

#### Prenatal Screening

AFP  
free β-HCG  
PAPP-A

#### Fertility

FSH  
LH  
HCG/β-HCG  
PRL  
Estradiol  
free Estriol  
Progesterone  
Testosterone  
free Testosterone  
PAPP-A

#### Infectious

HBsAg  
HBsAb IgG  
HBeAg  
HBeAb IgG  
HBcAb IgG  
HCV IgG  
\*HIV  
\*Syphilis

#### Bone Metabolism

Intact PTH  
Calcitonin  
Osteocalcin  
25-OH Vitamin D

#### Anemia

Vitamin B12  
Ferritin  
FA

#### TORCH

Toxo IgG  
Toxo IgM  
Rubella IgG  
Rubella IgM  
CMV IgG  
CMV IgM  
HSV-1/2 IgG  
HSV-2 IgG  
HSV-1/2 IgM

#### EBV

EBV EA IgG  
EBV EA IgA  
EBV VCA IgG  
EBV VCA IgM  
EBV VCA IgA  
EBV NA IgG

#### Immunoglobulin

IgM  
IgA  
IgE  
IgG

#### Kidney Function

β<sub>2</sub>-MG  
Albumin

#### Others

GH  
Cortisol  
ACTH  
DHEA-S